RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

gon R'y & Navigation Co.
OCEAN DIVISION.

LEAVE PORTLAND AT 12 MIDNIGHT		LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO AT 10 A. M.	
n. Wednesday	Feb 4	Columbia	Tuesday, Feb. 5
bia, Monday	Feb	Queen	Sunday, Feb. 10
Saturday	Feb 14	Oregon	Friday, Feb. 15
n Thursday	Feb 19	Columbia	Wednesday, Feb. 20
bia, Tuesday	Feb 24	Oregon	Monday, Feb. 25
Sunday	Mch 1	Columbia	Thursday, Mch 4

t reserved to change steamers or sailing days.

SAIL DIVISION.

nsfer steamer connecting with Atlantic Express
Ash st. wharf Portland, daily at 5.30 P M.
the Express arrives at Portland daily at 8.10 A. M.
in Line Passenger Trains run daily, con-
g at Wallula Junction and Huntington for all
East.

ough Sleeping Cars.—Pullman Palace Drawing
oom Sleeping Cars between Portland and St. Paul
ouncil Bluffs.

igrant Trains leave East Portland at 6.30 A.M.
rrive at 7.10 P M. daily
igrant Sleepers are run through to St. Paul
ouncil Bluffs without change.

DLE COLUMBIA RIVER DIVISION
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
leaves Portland for Dalles at 7 A. M.
arrives at Portland from Dalles at 5 P M.

Portland for	Mo.	Tu.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
a & Lowmbia	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM
m, Or	7 AM		7 AM		7 AM	
	6 AM			6 AM		

ROW GAUGE DIVISION, EAST SIDE.
ween PORTLAND and WEST STAYTON,
via O & C. R. R. to Woodburn.
ns for West Stayton leave Portland at 7.30 A. M.
ndays Wednesdays and Fridays.
bburnville (via Lebanon Junction) leave Port-
at 4 P M. on Monday Wednesday and Friday.
WEST SIDE.
REEN PORTLAND, SHERIDAN AND AIRLIE
via O & C. R. R. to Whites.
ve Portland at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Airlie
rtland at 6 A. M.
ght for all points on Narrow Gauge Division will
ecived and forwarded by the O & C. R. R.
Westside Divisions, respectively.
eneral Offices cor. Front and D Sts.
PRESCOTT, JOHN MUIR,
nager. Traffic Manager.
STOKES A. L. MAXWELL,
Pt. & Pass. Agt. Ticket Agent.

REAT OVERLAND ROUTE.
ntern Pacific Railroad.
ortest Line to Chicago & the East.
Shortest Line to Council Bluffs, St. Joseph,
Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Harri-
gton, Quincy, St. Louis, Indianapolis,
Cincinnati, New Orleans, and all
points south and southeast.
VIA
ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.
Is the ONLY Line Running
Passenger Trains,
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
Palace Dining Cars (meals 75c),
Luxuriant Day Coaches,
Emigrant Sleepers (free of charge),
on Washington and Oregon Points
To The East
A ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
SEE THAT YOUR TICKETS READ
the Northern Pacific R. R. and avoid
change of cars.
his is the only line running through emigrant
s from Portland.
e Portland at 5.30 P M. daily, arrive at Min-
is or St. Paul 10.30 P M., fourth day
PACIFIC DIVISION
n leaves Front and G daily 9.25 A. M., arrive
ssula 6.20 P M., connecting with Co's boats for
nts on Puget Sound.
HAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul.
D. CHARLTON, Gen'l Ws'rn Pass. Agent,
No. 2 Washington st., Portland.

ERLAND TO CALIFORNIA
VIA
Oregon & California R. R.
And Connections.
to San Francisco $33; to Sacramento $30
connections made at Ashland with stages of
lifornia and Oregon Stage Company
(DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.)
West Side Division.
WEEN PORTLAND AND ASHLAND,
Mail Train.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
nd.	1.30 A. M.	Ashland	4.45 A. M.
d ..	8.45 P. M.	Portland	4.25 P. M.
	Albany Express Train.		
LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
nd..	4.00 P. M.	Lebanon	9.30 P. M.
on, Jr.	4.45 A. M.	Portland	10.00 A. M.

ept Palace Sleeping Car leaves Portland Mon-
and Thursdays. Returning, leaves Ashland Tues-
and Fridays.
C. & C. R. R. Ferry makes connection with all the
r trains on the East Side Div from foot of P St.
West Side Division.
WEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS
Mail Train.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
nd	9.00 A. M.	Corvallis	4.30 P. M.
d ..	8.30 A. M.	Portland	3.30 P. M.
	Express Train.		
LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
nd	5.00 P. M.	McMinnville	8.00 P. M.
nville	8.45 A. M.	Portland	1.30 A. M.

tickets for sale and baggage checked at com-
up-town office, cor. 5th and Second streets
for principal points in California can only be
d and baggage checked at company's office,
corner F and Front Sts., Portland, Or.
ats will not be reserved for shipments after 5
P M. on either the East or West Side Division.
COEHLER, E P. ROGERS,
Manager. S F & Pass. Agent.

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E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREAT-
a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizzi-
Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia,
Nervous Prostration caused by the use
hol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental De-
n, Softening of the Brain resulting in in-
and leading to misery, decay and death,
ure Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power
ther, Involuntary Losses and Spermat-
caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-
or over-indulgence. Each box contains
nth's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes
0, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.
SIX BOXES SIX DOLLARS
Guarantees issued only by
WOODARD, CLARKE & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
rs by mail will receive prompt attention.

SCIENCE OF LIFE, ONLY $1
BY MAIL POST-PAID.

W THYSELF,
at Medical Work on Manhood.
d Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility,
e Decline in Man, Errors of Youth, and the
isories resulting from indiscretions or ex-
A book for every man, young, middle-aged
It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and
onic diseases, each one of which is invaluable—so
the author, whose experience for 23 years is
nobly nerve before fell to the lot of any phy-
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ever published—mechanical, literary and pre-
than any other work sold in this country for
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$1.00 by mail, post-paid. Illustrative sam-
10 cts. Send your gold medal awarded by
the National Medical Association, to
which he refers.
SCIENCE OF LIFE should be read by the
instructive and by the afflicted for relief.
ful.—London Lancet.
ry member of society to whom THE SCI-
OF LIFE will not be useful, whether youth,
ed or instructor or clergyman.—Argonaut.
the Peabody Medical Institute or Dr W H.
o Bulfinch street Boston, Mass who may
ed on all diseases requiring skill and expe-
chronic and obstinate diseases that have
ed of all other physi HEAL fully
Such treated success THYSELF
n instance of failu
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N'S FRENCH DRESSING,
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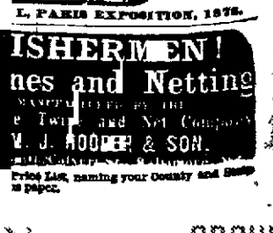
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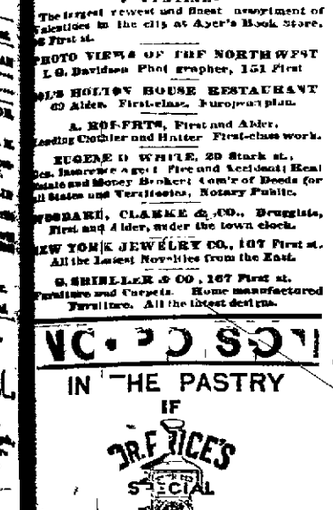
W. J. HOOPER & SON.
Price List, naming your County and Stamp
s paper.



Harrisonville, Shelby County, Ky

Messrs. Fleming Bros.

I am a practicing physician, residing permanently in this place. In the year 1843, when a resident of the State of Missouri I became acquainted with the superior virtues of *Dr C McLane's Vermifuge*, prepared by you. At some more leisure moment I will send you the result of one experiment I made with one vial, in expelling upwards of 300 worms.

L. CARTER, M D

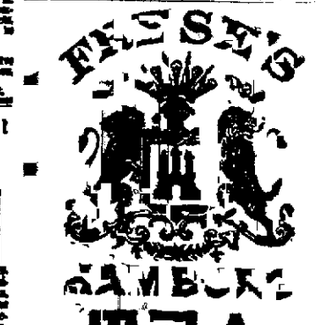
New York

I do hereby certify to the public, that a child of mine, four years old, being troubled with worms, I was induced to purchase a bottle of *Dr C McLane's Vermifuge*, prepared by Fleming Bros of Pittsburgh Pa, which I administered, and the result was, I brought away an *immense number of worms*, in bunches and strings, many had the appearance of being cut to pieces. My child is now enjoying most excellent health. I take pleasure in recommending it to both young and old, as one of the best medicines I ever used.

MRS ANN EMISON, 35 Ninth Street.

Mrs Quigley No 152 Essex street New York, writes us that she had a child which had been unwell for better than two months, she procured a bottle of *Dr C McLane's Vermifuge*, and administered it. The child passed a large quantity of worms.

The Only Genuine
McLane's Vermifuge,
Is the Dr C McLane's Vermifuge,
PREPARED BY
FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.



Morning Oregonian.

VOL. 25 NO 7726 PORTLAND, OREGON, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1885. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BUSINESS SPECIALS

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The largest newest and finest assortment of
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WASHINGTON.

The Silver Question again Before the Senate.

A DISCUSSION ON THE RULES

The House Consumes the Day in Argument Provision of the Fortifications Appropriation Bill—Washington Notes

SENATE

WASHINGTON, Feb 9.—Cameron of Pennsylvania, called up the resolution directing the committee on finance to inquire whether it would be expedient to expend the surplus revenue of the United States, or any portion thereof, for the purpose of reviving the shipping and export trade, by allowing a rebate from tariff duties on foreign goods imported in ships built and owned in the United States, and by also allowing a premium on American grown products and articles of American manufacture exported in American vessels. He addressed the senate at great length on the resolution, and it was referred to the finance committee.

Van Wyck received unanimous consent for the consideration of the house bill to prevent unlawful enclosure of public lands, better known as the "fencing bill." The amendments of the senate committee were concurred in.

THE ANTI-SILVER COINAGE BILL

At 1 o'clock the bill went over, and unfinished business was laid before the senate, being the anti-silver coinage bill, and Mr Beck proceeded to address the senate.

Beck supported those provisions of the bill calling for redemption of the trade dollar, but strongly opposed the suspension of the coinage of the standard. The proposition to suspend silver coinage had no necessary or proper connection with the trade dollar bill, which the house had sent over. He believed the trade dollar had now passed from the hands of the people, who were compelled to part with them at a discount, and were now in the hands of bankers and brokers. He had felt confident these bankers would be able to make themselves heard by congress, and the result proved that he guessed aright. It was said that trade dollars were not coin of the United States but had been given a legal tender character by accident or inadvertence and that, therefore, we ought not to take them up. There was no accident or inadvertence about it, Beck said. They were made coins of the United States, just as gold was so coined. Provisions prohibiting counterfeiting applied equally to the trade dollar as to the gold eagle. When congress concluded to limit the issue of trade dollars to the quantity required for export, it did not take the coin character nor coin value from them, and certainly as to all those that had actually been issued it could, with no reason whatever, be said they were not coins of the United States. The secretary of the treasury had been constituted by law judge of the number which should be issued, and he had chosen to issue 35,000,000. Beck wanted specially to know what the "inadvertence" was that was alluded to.

Morrill said that by "inadvertence" he (Morrill) meant that as the trade dollar had been minted solely for export it was wrong to have given them a legal tender quality at all.

BECK'S OPINION

Beck said that would be equivalent to saying no silver should be minted at all. The difficulty, he added, was that our own fiscal agents had conspired to defy the laws of the United States, and the present proposition to suspend silver coinage was the result of that conspiracy. He inquired why banks should be permitted to conspire against the laws. There were already laws enough, but not one of our public officers wanted to execute those laws. The people needed new officers.

Morgan said he had, at the last session, submitted a resolution calling for inquiry into the matters alluded to, which resolution had been referred to the finance committee, where it still was. It now appeared, on the statement of a member of that committee (Beck) that the committee was cognizant of the commission of crimes by banks that the president also was cognizant of it, but the crimes were not punished. Morgan said there was no use in multiplying statutes, merely that the senate of the United States itself might dishonor them by constantly and persistently ignoring their existence.

A DISCUSSION ON THE RULES

The Fortification appropriation bill was then taken up and a long discussion ensued regarding the interpretation of the senate rule forbidding proposing general legislation on appropriation bills. The discussion arose on a point of order, raised by Ingalls on an amendment proposed by the senate appropriation committee to this bill.

Sherman thought it would be well to pass a new resolution expressing, for the present session at least, the sense of the senate to be that the true construction of the rule was that amendments may be made to the general legislative measures found by the senate on appropriation bills.

Edmunds, taking the floor, spoke strongly against opening the door to any proposition which would permit such amendments. There was no embarrassment, he said, involved in the position of the senate. The way was perfectly clear. All the senate had to do was to strike out all provisions of the objectionable character referred to. There would be no collision or contest between the two houses on the fact of the senate taking that course. The senate was not, by such action, declaring that because the house would not do what the senate wanted the senate would therefore not carry on the government. It would not only be absurd, but wicked to make such a declaration.

THE CHAIR'S DECISION SUSTAINED

Hoar said if the decision of the chair was not sustained, the senate might as well propose an amendment to the constitution, declaring the house to be the only law-making body. Hoar did not wish an extra session, but better an extra session than the practice of attaching legislation to appropriation bills. Hoar, alluding to the failure of the house to consider the bankruptcy bill, said he did not believe the American people would long tolerate the abuse of their legislative chambers should be fettered by rules that made it possible for a dozen or twenty men, by methods not in accordance with the spirit of the constitution, to prevent consideration of a measure so urgently demanded by the country.

Bayard strongly urged that the senate take its stand now for the principle incorporated in its rule, which, he said, was a correct principle, without the observance of which all the powers of this government would be resolved into a single legislative chamber.

Hale said if something was not done to relax the vigor of the senate rule, as hitherto interpreted, there was danger that an extra session would be necessary. Were the senators ready for that?

Platt believed the senate had only to be firm once.

After debate the decision of the chair was sustained, yeas 34, nays 24. Adjourned.

HOUSE

WASHINGTON, Feb 9.—When the house met this morning, in continuation of Saturday's session, Townshend moved to go into committee of the whole for consideration of the post office appropriation bill.

Willis opposed the motion, and argued that the house should continue consideration of the river and harbor bill. After the argument the house went into committee of the whole on the river and harbor bill.

At 12.05 Townshend moved that the committee rise. Agreed to, 123 to 98. Townshend then moved that the house go into committee of the whole on the postoffice appropriation bill. Agreed to, yeas 149, nays 117.

Horr opposed the provision of the postal appropriation bill, which changed the method of compensating railroads for mail transportation, instead of resulting in the saving of a million to the government, as stated by the gentleman from Illinois—Townshend—it would, in his opinion, increase the compensation to railroad companies. It was wrong in principle and uneven in application, and would rob poor roads and put the excess into the pockets of roads which had already got a large amount. The provision seemed to be based on the principle that "to him who hath shall be given and from him that hath not shall be taken away, even that which he hath."

Pending further debate the committee rose.

A resolution was adopted reserving the whole east gallery of the house for the accommodation of the families of senators and members during the counting of the electoral vote Wednesday next. The house then took recess until 11 to-morrow.

THE FORTIFICATIONS BILL

Provisions of the Measure Prepared by the Sub-Committee

WASHINGTON, Feb 9.—Hoar, Hiscock and Hancock, of the house appropriation committee, have completed the fortification appropriation bill, but have not yet reported it to the full committee. It provides for the appropriation of $4,695,000. This amount appropriated at the last session of congress for the present fiscal year was $7,060,000. The bill prepared by the sub-committee provides for the protection, preservation and repair of fortifications a ready begun and continuance of work on them, as well as for the construction of new works of defense at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Hampton roads and San Francisco. For these purposes it appropriates $2,010,000.

AN IMPORTANT RECOMMENDATION

The bill also recommends that for the procurement of heavy steel rifle guns and carriages for armament of deep-water ports of the United States a permanent naval appropriation of $1,500,000 shall be made for five years from June 30, 1885, provided, that insofar as practicable this sum shall be so expended as to induce private manufacturers of the United States who may best be prepared to meet the requirements of the government, or who will agree to increase their plant so as to undertake the work of furnishing necessary material for guns, or sample blank guns of cast or wrought steel. These shall be thoroughly tested by the United States, and, if found satisfactory in every respect, the secretary of war shall contract with the manufacturers who are best prepared to execute the work to the full amount of the appropriation. The guns are to be made rifled, of not less than eight inches caliber, or in lieu thereof the materials are to be suitable for making such guns, all of which shall be of American manufacture.

AN ADVISORY BOARD

For the purpose of aiding the secretary of war in the expenditure and application of the sums recommended by the bill, it is provided that an advisory board of five military officers, consisting of the general commanding the division of the Atlantic, the chief of ordnance, the chief engineer, the president of the ordnance board, and the commandant of the Willets Point torpedo school, shall be created. This board shall examine and report to the secretary of war the different ports where fortifications are most needed; the kind and character of works best adapted to each point, and the amount of the appropriation to be expended at each place. Also, the kinds and character of guns, torpedoes and other means and appliances necessary for the defense of the country.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS.

A DINNER THAT PROVED A FAILURE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—A Washington dispatch to the *World* says. The dinner given by President Arthur in honor of the justices of the supreme court on Wednesday evening last has created quite a breeze in society circles, through one cause and another. Congressman Dorsheimer of New York, and Henry C. Bowen, editor of the New York *Independent*, were both guests at the same table. The good-natured president evidently did not know that the two gentlemen had been bitter personal enemies ever since the Beecher trial. To make matters worse Mr. Dorsheimer was assigned a place next to Mrs. Bowen. Just as the dinner was about to close Mrs. Jerome Bonaparte fell to the floor in a fit and remained in that distressing state for twenty minutes. Hardly had she recovered when Mrs. John Davis was taken ill and was removed from the room in a fainting condition by Colonel Bonaparte. The president had retired to the Blue room at this time and was unaware of the unhappy state of affairs in the East room.

BELOW ZERO.

WASHINGTON, Feb 9.—The department has been advised that yellow fever has broken out on the United States steamship Lackawanna, and her commander has been instructed to bring the ship from Guatemala to Acapulco. The Lackawanna took to Nicaragua the members of the naval expedition detailed to make a new survey of the proposed route for the Nicaragua canal. Some anxiety is felt here about the health of the surveying party, but it is believed that they were safely landed before the fever broke out on the ship.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, Feb 9.—A call has been issued by the secretary of the national democratic committee for a meeting to be held at the Arlington hotel Monday, March 2. The purpose of the meeting is not stated.

The second trial of General Swaim has been postponed until Wednesday next.

NOMINATIONS

WASHINGTON, Feb 9.—John W Haverstick, receiver of public moneys, Los Angeles, California. Edward J Curtis, Idaho, secretary of Idaho. Receivers of public moneys: Allen W Enloe, Oxford, Idaho. Daniel H Wallace, Pennsylvania, Tucson, Arizona. Humphrey McMaster, register of the land office, Salt Lake City.

THE STYLE OF GOVERNMENT

OREGON CITY, Feb. 7

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN.

From "X's" last I am clearly of the opinion that I was mistaken when I said he had awakened from a Rip Van Winkle sleep. He still sleeps and talks in his sleep in a rambling sort of a way.

"X" refers to 10, Wallace 36, which is the report of what are known as the "slaughter house" cases decided in April, 1873, by the supreme court of the United States, to prove his assertion that the government of the United States is not national. "X" never read the report, or is not yet sufficiently awake to apprehend the truths it states. I think the latter.

I quote from the opinion of the court by Justice Miller.

"* * * They have thought to impose additional limitations on the states, and to confer additional power on that of the *nation*."

Again. "The line which should separate the powers of the *national* government from those of state governments." Again. "We are not without judicial interpretation, therefore both state and *national*."

Mr Justice Field in a dissenting opinion uses the terms "National government," "National authority."

Mr Justice Bradley, in his dissenting opinion very forcibly expresses the growth of the government. "The mischief to be remedied was not merely slavery. * * but that spirit of insubordination and disloyalty to the *national* government which had troubled the country for so many years." * * * "The amendment was an attempt to give voice to the strong *national* yearning for that time and that condition of things in which American citizenship should be a sure guaranty of safety."

He also says "National courts," "National will," and "National interest."

Mr Justice Swayne also filed a dissenting opinion, and in it says in contending for a more liberal construction of the amendments "with out such aid only any government claiming to be national is glaringly defective," that is, "to secure to everyone in its jurisdiction the rights and privileges enumerated."

If you can possibly get through "X's" crimination and recrimination history of the country for the past two or three years he certainly will see his warning lament for the "lost cause," the coldest fact of all. "X" evidently is one of those who started at home during the "dark days of rebellion" and croaked at the nation while its loyal sons were giving life for country. Will "X" never learn that Appomattox settled state rights by the arbitrament of arms—the court of last appeal in national questions that twenty-five years of legislation and judicial decisions by the government have declared this a *nation*—a "solid fact"—that will exist long, long after he and I are the race of men?

ONE OF THE BOYS IN BLUE.

THE WAR IN CHINA

ANOTHER FRENCH VICTORY

PARIS, Feb 9.—General Brierde Lisle telegraphs the government as follows: "Friday and Saturday we destroyed five forts belonging to the Chinese. The enemy had evacuated them without fighting. In the forts we found immense stores of provisions, gunpowder and other ammunition. We reconnoitred twelve kilometers, and found the Chinese retreating hastily toward Langson. Our losses during the engagements were 21 killed and 162 wounded.

HANSOM CABS TO NEW YORK.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Ford, the carriage builder, has shipped 1400 hansom cabs to New York.

THE EAST.

Severe Storm in the Mississippi Valley.

HOW IT MAY DEFEAT LOGAN

General Sherman on the Soudan Campaign—Meeting of Socialists and Anarchists—Movements of the President Elect.

CHICAGO, Feb 9.—A snowstorm of great violence is raging throughout a number of eastern and nearly all western states east of the Rocky mountains. In this city business of all kinds is nearly suspended. The snow lies to a great depth on the streets, and street-cars drawn by horses are moving only with great difficulty. In freight-yards in railway stations freight handlers and train employes are engaged in an attempt to clear tracks, passenger trains only attempting to leave. At the signal station news was rather conflicting and confused. Thus much was authoritative, however. The snow storm has come from the south. It arose in the gulf of Mexico yesterday and has been traveling a little east of north since. The wind is blowing with a velocity of about twenty miles per hour and has gone far to the northwest, the weather being especially fierce in all the lower lake region from here to Buffalo. It has taken its flight to the St. Lawrence region in a northeasterly direction. This morning the storm had not reached the northern end of Lake Michigan, but will it reach as far northwest as Duluth, but taking in Wisconsin. While snowing here and all along the lake region the storm has produced rain in the Ohio valley. This being so large a storm, said the signal officer, as to include all kinds of weather in its wake. While snowing heavily in Buffalo, for instance, it is raining in Pittsburg, but a couple of hundred miles south. The rain extends as far south as southern Mississippi. The actual measurement of the snowfall has not been possible by reason of excessive drifting, but at least six inches fell between the beginning of the storm last night and 6 o'clock this morning. Although the temperature early this morning was seven degrees higher in the thermometer than yesterday morning, it is rapidly growing colder in the north-west region, especially in Manitoba, Dakota and northern Minnesota, and the frigid wave is spreading. At Fort Garry last night the mercury had reached 42 degrees below zero, and at St Vincent 8 below. This excessively cold wave is moving eastward and may be upon us to night. In this city at noon the mercury stood 20 above.

THE STORM GENERAL.

The storm which commenced Sunday morning extends throughout Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Michigan, Indiana, Minnesota and Wisconsin. In some respects it is most remarkable. The thermometer is below zero in certain points in this state, while at the same time, 100 miles distant, it is raining with as severe thunder storms. The fall of snow ranges from fourteen inches to three feet on the level. All railroads are more or less blockaded and in many sections all freight and passenger trains are abandoned. To-night the fall of snow is continued, and the the mercury marks from zero to 15 below.

THE STORM MAY DEFEAT LOGAN

SPRINGFIELD, Ills, Feb 9.—Much anxiety is manifested here some of the members of the legislature, who will go home to spend Sunday, should be blockaded on the railroads by the great storm, and fail to reach here in time for balloting for United States senator to-morrow. The law requires balloting to take place to-morrow. There are more republicans than democrats absent, and the legislature being a tie, the chances to-night are in favor of the democrats.

GENERAL SHERMAN ON THE SOUDAN CAMPAIGN.

ST LOUIS, Feb 9.—General Sherman was interviewed last night regarding the Soudan campaign and the fall of Khartoum. He said "I know something about the situation but of course am not acquainted with all the obstructions that Wolseley and Stewart have to encounter. I believe that Wolseley ought to push on from Korti to Metemneh, and then take the course that seems best, whether to push on to Khartoum or to push on to Khartoum. The position is peculiar. The reports of the English forces was a national disaster, but every commander marching through a barren land is seized with the temptation to divide his forces. The wet season begins in April, and reinforcements will not reach the scene before that time. When I was in Egypt I met his highness, the late khedive, who manifested a great deal of friendship for me. At his request, on my return to America, I set before a number of officers the advantage offered by service in Egypt. I think about forty, or nearly that number, entered the khedive's service, in consequence of my effort. Some time later there were financial difficulties, and the American officers did not get their pay, although other foreigners did. General Gordon wrote to me, detailing the circumstance, and I interested myself in the matter. The Americans were paid."

SOCIALISM AND ANARCHISM

PITTSBURG, Feb 9.—Between fifty and seventy-five members of the International Workingmen's association met in Jefferson hall, Allegheny City, to-night, to discuss socialism and anarchism. Joseph Frick and John Staub made lengthy addresses. Frick spoke in German, and denounced the United States senate for passing the dynamite resolutions. He said the senators were all millionaires, and that they were playing police for England. As a poor man could not get rights by law and order, he advocated murder and revolution. Staub spoke in the same strain.

Anarchists refrained from holding a meeting this evening, as was intended, in consequence of the strong guard around the Place du Peuple. Three anarchists were arrested.

CLEVELAND AGAINST SILVER

New York, Feb 9.—James M. Brown of Brown Brothers & Co., Charles M. Fry, president of the Bank of New York, and John A. Stewart, president of the United States trust company, who are all opposed to the continued coinage of silver dollars, tell the *Herald* that the president elect entirely agrees with them and that he will urge his views in this matter on congress after he becomes president. Until he is inaugurated he considers himself to be only a private citizen, with no right to try to influence legislation.

GENERAL GRANT

NEW YORK, Feb 9.—General Grant, in an interview, said "I am feeling quite well, but my physician has positively prohibited my leaving New York until the weather becomes milder." Intimate friends of the general said last night that the wish which for years had been nearest his heart is that he should be placed on the retired list of the army, simply as an act of justice. He is disappointment that it has not already been done is keen.

THE NEXT CONGRESS FOR PROTECTION

NEW YORK, Feb 9.—The *American Exchange* has been interviewing members of congress with the following result: Ninety members for protection, 75; reflected members for protection, 55; total, 167. As the whole number of members in the house is 325, a majority of 9 for protection is already assured.

CANNOT ENDORSE JEFF DAVIS

TOPEKA, Kas, Feb 9.—The senate passed the house joint resolution condemning the action of the state commissioner at the world's fair at New Orleans, in joining with others in inviting Jeffers on Davis to participate in the reception of Bartholdi.

CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS

BOSTON, Feb 9.—Managers of the leading clearing houses of the United States report that total gross exchanges the week ended February 7th were $12,784,000, a decrease of 28.9 per cent compared with the corresponding week last year.

FIRST DIVIDEND PAID

NEW YORK, Feb 9.—The assignee, Lewis May, has begun the payment of the first dividend of 5 per cent to the creditors of the late firm of John C Cox & Sons.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Feb 9.—North Pacific coast, light rains; California, generally fair weather.

The chronic conclusions of ignorant men have set others brought desperate not only on their own worthless medicines that deserve no credit but sometimes with much injustice on really reliable preparations. Ladies should not hesitate about Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for this remedy has been tried, proven and praised for years.

THE PRESIDENT ELECT.

He Leaves the Sage of Greystone and Returns to Albany—How the Day Passed.

YONKERS, Feb 9.—President-elect Cleveland and Daniel Manning remained at Greystone last night as guests of Governor Tilden. From early morning the Yonkers depot was packed by an anxious crowd, eager to catch a glimpse of the party.

HOW THE DAY PASSED

YONKERS, N. Y., Feb 9.—From early morning a crowd was around the New York Central depot here, eager to catch a glimpse of President elect Cleveland. At 8.30 o'clock Tilden's private secretary arrived from New York, and was immediately driven to Greystone. The following train brought Smith M. Weed, who at once went to Tilden's residence, as did Hon. John H. Oberly, chairman of the democratic central committee of Illinois. A long consultation followed. At 2.55 Tilden's private coach drew up to the depot and Cleveland and Manning took the train for Albany. The next train was due at the station at 3.30, which is not scheduled to stop until reaching Cold Springs. It is the Albany express, and when it backed up and finally stopped railroad men expressed considerable surprise, but when Cleveland, Manning and Oberly stepped into the parlor car the cause of the stoppage was explained. As they reached the car platform they turned and raised their hats to the gazing crowd, which returned the salute, as the train pulled out of the station. Cleveland and Manning go direct to Albany, beside the above mentioned gentlemen, who called at Tilden's mansion, in conversation with a reporter this afternoon, said that since Cleveland has been the guest of Tilden there has been no consultation whatever with leading politicians of this or any other state.

AT ALBANY

ALBANY, Feb 9.—Cleveland arrived from Greystone, one of Mr Tilden, this evening. He drove to his residence, and subsequently attended a festival at the Leland opera house, for the benefit of the African Methodist Episcopal church.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR

SHORT RELEASED ON BAIL

NEW YORK, Feb 9.—Richard Short, who fatally shot Captain Phelan in O'Donovan Rossa's office, was released on $3000 bail to-day, after efforts had been made to have the amount reduced to $2000. Dennis Corbet, a West Thirty-ninth street liquor dealer, became bondsman. John Roche, George Smith, "Rocky Mountain" O'Brien and a dozen others accompanied Short across the street to Jounselor Oliver's office, where a reception was held. Short received a letter from Cork to-day, informing him of the death of his wife on the 19th ultimo. It is said a dozen persons are ready to make the bail good to Corbet, should Short leave town.

SHOT TWO MEN

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Feb. 9.—A man named Douglass Ennis spent Sunday here, saying he was in search of a man named Chauncy McCallum, whom he would kill on sight, for keeping company with a girl whom he (Ennis) had followed to this city from Memphis. He went to the neighboring town of Danvers this morning, bought a revolver and began drinking in village saloons with John Parr, a farmer, and both got drunk and went to Parr's house. This morning Ennis undertook to load his revolver. Parr objected, and Ennis shot him twice. Parr's son came to his father's rescue, and Ennis also shot him. Both men will probably die. Ennis escaped.

ACCIDENTS

TRAIN COLLISION

GREEN BAY, Wis., Feb. 9.—An accident occurred on the Milwaukee and Northern railroad this afternoon, four miles south of this city. A delayed freight train was run into by a snow plow, smashing the caboose. The accident was due to the blinding storm. J. A. Annis of Depere had a leg broken and received internal injuries. He will probably die. W. J. Bates, publisher of the *Sunday Advance*, this city, was hurt, but not seriously.

A DISASTROUS FALL

HAVRE DE GRACE, Md., Feb 9.—This morning five workmen employed in repairing a bridge over the Susquehanna river were thrown down on the ice by the breaking of a scaffold. The fall was fifty feet and all went through the ice into the river. Two are reported drowned and three rescued in a precarious condition.

CALIFORNIA.

A LETTER FROM GENERAL GRANT

FRESNO, Feb 9.—Fresno camp of Blue and Gray veterans recently passed resolutions favoring the placing of General Grant on the retired list. A copy of the resolutions was sent him, and the camp has received the following letter from the general in response:

NEW YORK, Jan 21

Captain F S Dixon, commanding Fresno camp Blue and Gray veterans—*Dear Captain*—I am in receipt of your letter of the 12th inst., inclosing a resolution passed by the camp you command, favoring my retirement, and wish to express my appreciation of it. Coming, as it does, from an association composed of veterans of both armies in the great sectional war, the compliment is greater. I hope the fraternity practiced by veterans of my country may be patterned after by all citizens of our country before many years roll over. Very truly yours, U. S. GRANT.

IRON WORKERS ON A STRIKE

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 9.—In accordance with resolutions adopted yesterday, the iron-workers, iron-moulders, and boiler-makers of this city, numbering 1500, went out on a strike to-day, refusing to accept a 10 per cent. reduction on their wages.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Arrived—Ship Northern Light, Seattle; ship Prussia, Tacoma; ship Harvester, Nanaimo; bark Bru, Selina, Astoria; steamer Queen of the Pacific, Astoria; bark Lizzie Williams, Tacoma; schooner Queen, Port Discovery.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

TO EXAMINE WRECKS

VICTORIA, Feb 8.—The steamer Dolphin left this evening for Barclay sound, with divers and men, who will examine the ship Spartan, which ran ashore at Tatoosh island. The men will also investigate the wreck near that point, supposed to be an English ship.

THE COURTS.

MONDAY, Feb 9, 1885.

The Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 10, 1885

PAY OF STATE LEGISLATORS

The pay of members of state legislatures varies greatly in the several states. Rhode Island pays $1 per day and eight cents mileage; Vermont, New Hampshire, Delaware, Michigan, Kansas, Nebraska and Oregon pay $3 per day and mileage. The legislators of Alabama, Louisiana, North Carolina, Tennessee and West Virginia draw $4 a day and mileage. Colorado draws $4 without mileage, Kentucky, Maryland, Minnesota, Missouri, Ohio, South Carolina and Texas all pay $5 a day and mileage, except the latter, which pays no mileage. Delaware and Florida allow $3 a day and mileage, and Arkansas the same without mileage. Some states pay a fixed sum, Iowa, $550; Virginia $750; Maine, $100; Massachusetts $650, Mississippi, $300, New Jersey, $408, New York $1500, Pennsylvania, $1000, Connecticut, $300, and Maryland also allow mileage. While many of these sums seem small, it is doubtless true that most of the states pay more than the average member could earn at home in the same time. In Oregon, Colorado, Georgia and Nebraska, the session is limited by law to 40 days; in West Virginia to 45; in Alabama and Arkansas to 50, in California, Florida, Indiana, Kentucky, Minnesota, Nevada, North Carolina and Texas to 60, in Missouri to 70, in Tennessee to 75, in Virginia, Maryland and Louisiana to 90 days. In all the other states there is no limit beyond the endurance of the members. The Rhode Island legislature meets twice each year. Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York and South Carolina have annual, and all other states biennial sessions. Since the adoption of the present constitution in Ohio, in 1852, but one legislature has failed to hold an adjourned session in the year following the regular session, and, virtually the legislature of that state has an annual sessions. All the territories have biennial sessions, except the district of Columbia, which is governed by a board of three commissioners, two of whom are appointed from civil life by the president, and the third is an officer of the engineer corps, detailed by the president.

While the pay of the legislators in all the states is fixed by law as before stated, in many of the states they receive in addition annual passes from the railroads which for many of the members, amount to much more than their regular pay. In New Hampshire and New Jersey, and perhaps other states, the railroads are required by law to furnish passes to members of the legislature and to state officers. If they are to be granted at all the New Jersey method is preferable, for then the receipt of free passes is indebted to the state rather than the railroads for them. But the custom is indefensible, and more honored in its breach than in its observance.

PACIFIC COAST WHEAT TRADE

In the last annual report of the chief of the bureau of statistics in regard to the foreign commerce of the United States, it is shown that the foreign commerce of California, Oregon and Washington territory is chiefly with the countries of Europe. In that trade the total value of the exports of merchandise during the fiscal year 1884 was $31,225,433, and the value of imports of merchandise only $1,456,811. Including wheat flour, 88 13 per cent of the wheat exported from this coast went to Europe. This trade with Europe gives employment each year to a fleet of about 400 sailing vessels, which pursue the route around Cape Horn. The distance from San Francisco to Liverpool by that route is about 16,000 miles. The average rates which have prevailed for the transportation of wheat during each year from 1878 to 1883 from San Francisco to Europe, per bushel were in 1878, 30.25 cents, in 1879 2 91 cents in 1880 36.67 cents, in 1881 40 28 cents, in 1882 3.81 in 1883 2.47 cents. The average rates which have prevailed since January 1, 1884, have been a little lower than those in 1883. The low rates for this period have been the result of a larger than usual amount of tonnage on the Pacific coast and a partial failure of the wheat crop in California. Wheat at San Francisco was for some time held at prices relatively higher than in the English markets. Only one or two shipments, and these in an experimental way, have been made of wheat from the Pacific coast over each one of the Pacific railroads and the result of these attempts has not been sufficient to warrant the expectation of any considerable grain movements across the continent by rail at least in the near future.

The cost of transporting wheat from San Francisco to Liverpool during the past five years has not varied much from the cost of transporting wheat from Chicago to Liverpool. The highest average rate from Chicago by the all rail route to New York for the period was 71 cents for 1880, and the lowest 22.96 cents for 1884, the railroads taking for the last three years nearly two-thirds of these amounts. In other words, for 1884, the rail route from Chicago to New York was 14 cents and ocean rate from New York 7.96 cents.

The true basis between the Pacific coast and the states east of the Rocky mountains cannot be definitely ascertained, but it is undoubtedly much larger than the trade of the coast with Europe. The traffic of the transcontinental railroads then existing has greatly increased since 1884, and since that time the Northern Pacific has been completed. The grain fleet between this coast and Europe earned $17,589,813 in 1882. For the same year the total through railroad freight earnings were $81,455,170, aside from the earnings from express freights, the amount of which is not given.

The Iowa railroad commissioners told the railroad committee of the Minnesota legislature a few days ago what he knew about railroad management. He considered it better to have a board of railroad commissioners, with advisory rather than mandatory power and that it would be best not to arbitrarily fix rates, but leave it to the experience of railroad operators. Such a commission would be the poor man's protection. Aggrieved persons could send in their complaints to the board by letter or on postal card, with the full assurance that they would receive prompt attention, no matter how small the injury. It was the small complaints which were the most irritating. As an illustration of the moral influence possessed by an advisory commission he said there had been 600 complaints made to them board, and in only one instance had the railroads failed to comply with the request of the commissioners, and in that one case was where the case was unreasonable. He thought that the most important thing to be accomplished by the commissioners is to study the question of transportation and recommend to the legislature what would be suitable legislation upon the subject. The great evil of railroad legislation had been the lack of information on the part of lawmakers, to enable them to put upon the statute book what would be just and equitable to all concerned. He advised against the adoption of rigid tariff rates upon the ground that for flexible railroad companies like ours it would be necessary, legislating industries much to the prosperity of the state. He said such regulations would hinder the building up of jobbing and manufacturing interests and successful farming will always be subject to wise discrimination of freight rates.

In a recent sermon the Rev Ind Newton said with saying that "the latter [illegible] the [illegible] grotesque [illegible] of [illegible] that [illegible] Mr Cleveland [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

G LMAN & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants
No 42 FIRST ST bet PINE AND ALDER
AUCTION SALES of real estate furniture
merchandise horses cattle vehicles etc Regular
days—Tuesdays & Fridays at 10 o clock

REGULAR AUCTION SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
ON TUESDAY, FEB 10 at 10 A M
At Consignment Household Furniture, Carpets,
GILMAN & CO Auctioneers

SPECIAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION
Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the city of Portland under the firm name of [illegible] was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January 1885 All persons indebted to the said firm are requested to call and settle their accounts with J W [illegible] who will continue the business at the old stand and to whom all persons having claims against the said firm will present them for payment
Dated Portland Jan 1 1885
J W [illegible]

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will receive bids up to the 1st day of March 1885 for the grading and graveling of the [illegible] county road from [illegible] to the Columbia river Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the undersigned at Portland Or
[illegible]

MILL AND FARM MACHINERY

RUSSELL & CO BEDFORD ENGLAND
Manufacturers of Threshers Horse Powers Saw and Portable Frac tion and Stationary Engines

BANK BROTHERS IMPLEMENT COMPANY
Importer and dealer in farm and mill machinery and all kinds of Belting Portland Or

CHAS H DODD & CO SOLE AGENTS BOOTH
Mower and Reaper Canton Plows Thresher, Hay Feeder Self acting Wagons, Front, First and Ther

KNAPP BURRELL & CO WHOLESALE FARM
machinery and dealers in agricultural implements farm and spring wagons, buggies carriages portable and stationary engines saw mills first mill machinery a specialty rubber and belting

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

R B GLISAN PRESIDENT & COMMERCIAL
law Church Office Second and Ash

R C P GEIGER—HOMŒOPATHIST CANCER
Cancerines in use Third and Morrison

W M LAIR VETERINARY SURGEON
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College Office Front & Washington Stables cor 5th and Taylor

WHOLESALE GROCERS

J N TEAL WHOLESALE GROCER AND
Commission Merchant 106 and 108 Front Portland Or

I BLITZ & MACLEAY WHOLESALE GROCERS
and Commission Merchants 86 and 88 Front Portland

ADAMS & ELLIOTT WHOLESALE GROCERS
Forwarding and Commission Merchants Nos 6 and 8 Front Portland Or

LEATHER AND FINDINGS

ELLIOTT BRADLEY & CO SUCCESSORS TO
Bradley & Dolph 109 Front bet Washington and Stark Leather and Findings Shoe Store Stock

MERCHANDISE BROKERAGE

HANK SCOTNEY MERCHANDISE AND SHIP
Chandler 108 Front bet Washington and Stark Portland

MINING MACHINERY

DARKE & LACY MILL RAILWAY & MINING
Utensils Repairs Iniron 16 North Front

MACHINISTS

BENKMAN & WOLFE MACHINISTS CORNER
W and Third sts—Planing doors, railings balusters and mouldings of all descriptions planing and moulding tools to order

PATENTS, ETC

BENJAMIN J COHEN ATTORNEY AT LAW
Patent Public Notary Solicitor Rooms 5 and 6 Washington Block Portland Or

SAWS, BELTING AND TENTS

W SMITH & CO BELTING AND TENT MAKERS
No 38 North Front st Portland Or

OILS, COLORS AND PAINTERS

KELLY DUNNE & CO PAINTS OILS GLASS
Lead Varnish Brushes 47 Front st Portland

CROCKERY, CHINA AND LAMPS

ENGLE CROWELL & CO IMPORTERS
and Jobbers of Crockery China and Glassware 47 Front st Portland Or

PORTLAND WOOD YARD

GEORGE A WOOD & SON DEALERS IN
Wood Kindling Coal Etc Office 24 Front st Yard foot of Jefferson st

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS

H HAWKESWORTH
ARCHITECT
Rabbe Building 108 Washington st

TURNS AND CUTTERS

N E [illegible] IN CO WITH PENINSULAR DOOR
Co Turned

STOCKS

SHERLOCK SAUBERT & HARNESS HARD
ware and Leather Portland Or

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

[illegible] HAWKINS ESTABLISHED
Balance
STEREO & ELECTROTYPER
5 WASHINGTON PORTLAND
[illegible]

The Oregonian.
TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 10, 1885
Entered at the Post Office at Portland Or as second class matter
SUBSCRIPTION RATES
BY MAIL POSTAGE PREPAID IN ADVANCE.
Daily per month $ 65
Daily per three months 1 90
Daily per year 7 00
Daily with Sunday per year 9 00
Sunday per year 2 00
Weekly per year 1 50
TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS
Daily per week delivered Sunday excepted 15
Daily per week delivered Sunday included 15

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT

PORTLAND FEB 9 10 P M

Place of Observation	Bar	Ther	Rel Hum	Direct of Wind	Velocity per hour	Weather
Portland	30	34	93	SW	10	Cloudy
Walla Walla	30	36	93	SW	10	Cloudy
Boise City	30	36	93	SW	10	Cloudy
Umatilla	30	36	93	SW	10	Cloudy
The Dalles	30	36	93	SW	10	Cloudy
Lewiston	30	36	93	SW	10	Cloudy
Baker City	30	36	93	SW	10	Cloudy
Shoshone	30	36	93	SW	10	Cloudy

Mean temperature 34 Total precipitation 0 inches

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY

By Ben Selling Gilman & Co

BRIEF MENTION

A W will return the umbrella taken from Brunswick Hilliard parlors

Seven west bound emigrants passed Huntington yesterday enroute to Portland

W R Pree, son of J K Pree of this city died at Oakland, California, last Friday

The salt grinding works in Albina are shut down for a few days, owing to some changes in the machinery

Educational classes at Y M C A—Night Vocal music and class in book keeping will meet on Wednesday evening

The building on the corner of Front and Yamhill streets formerly occupied by Meier & Frank, is being repaired

Seattle's new cemetery, called "Wamba ly," an Indian word, has the beautiful significance of "The home of the hereafter"

Ex-Gov Nevell's visit of inspection to the Siletz Indian reservation has been postponed for the present on account of bad roads.

Isaac Widler, father of Messrs George W and Milton Widler of this city, died at his home in Lancaster, Penn, on the 31st ultimo, aged 83 years.

The several meetings at Plymouth church, corner Fourteenth and E streets, continue every night this week except Saturday, and are open to help and benefit all that will come

The attendance at the English-speaking Methodist Episcopal Sunday-schools of this city and East Portland, Sunday, was as follows Taylor Street, 252, Hall street, 308, East Portland, 201 Grace church, 151 South Portland, 71, total, 916

E E Smith of San Francisco is in the city, stopping at the Mc chant Mr Smith has been for a long time engaged in the milling business in California, but believing he can better himself thereby, has come to seek a location in Oregon

The Geodra Ministerial association held a stirring and pleasant meeting yesterday morning at the Y M C A chapel, featuring some items of business but it is hoped will prove for the good of the association itself, and of the city as well

Nathan Cole, Jr, formerly of this city and latterly of St Paul, where he tried to fill another long felt want the journalistic field, has left that town for good, together with what money he had when he went there, and has returned to the parental roof at St Louis

PERSONAL

Dr W D Baker of Astoria was in the city yesterday

Mrs J M Buckley of Tacoma is a guest at the Holton

Mr and Mrs C W Knowles of Astoria are at the Marshall

United States Clerk R H Lamson of this city went up to Salem last night

Will H Hilbert, formerly of Walla Walla left last night or southern Oregon He intends locating in Josephine county

Mrs H Macdonald was summoned to San Francisco by the serious illness of her mother, and left last night's steamer

Mrs George Estes and her daughter Miss Nellie Estes of Salem, are visiting Mrs A W Witherell, at No 260 Tenth street

Miss Annie Sylvester will give two more bicycle exhibitions at the Mechanics' pavilion on Friday an Saturday evenings of this week

Mrs Matthew Deady, who has been visiting in Washington and the eastern states for several weeks past, will shortly return home

Judge Taylor of Astoria presided in the state circuit court here yesterday Judge Smith has gone to Astoria to decide several cases which were heard by him during his previous visit there

Nightmare,
Nervous dyspepsia depression of spirits and want of ambition, with symptoms of biliousness, indicate disorder of the Stomach Portland Oregon Hop Bitters will surely give life and vitality Dr Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery acts upon the cause and effects all diseases of the throat, lungs and liver, except consumption, and in its early stages, it is unfailing Sold by druggists
Dr Henley's Celery
Beef and Iron will restore the weak to health and vigor

OPENING OF THE MOUNTAINS

There are but few localities throughout the fertile valleys of Eastern Oregon and southern Idaho, among them Ontario Caldwell Shoshone and Baker City, which during the present and next open months of one bank two machine shops three flouring mills one furniture store one hotel two livery stables one grocery one drug store, and a population of 1,000 souls, that do not offer rare inducements to the capitalist and investor Ontario, the county seat of Malheur county, Oregon, is the most important point in Eastern Oregon, and is destined to become a city of 10,000 inhabitants within the next five years Its location is unsurpassed, being the center of the richest agricultural district in Eastern Oregon, and the junction of the Oregon Short Line railroad with the Snake river branch of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, which will be completed to Ontario by the 1st of June next Ontario has a fine system of water works, and a complete fire department, and is lighted by electricity Its schools are unsurpassed, and its churches are a credit to any city of its size Ontario has a large and increasing trade with the mining camps of Eastern Oregon and Idaho, and is the natural outlet for the products of the Malheur valley, which are unsurpassed in quality and quantity Ontario is the best point for the location of manufactories in Eastern Oregon, and offers special inducements to parties desiring to locate there Correspondence solicited Address Ontario Development Company Ontario Oregon

The Pacific Express Company

This company is now ready to do transcontinental express business at San Francisco Portland and Chicago and respectfully solicits a share of public patronage It operates in twenty states and territories and has reliable connections to all points of the United States and Europe For rates and other information apply at Nos 5 and 7 Washington street Portland Oregon and at 214 Pacific and Northern Pacific Express Building

Wall Paper Bargain
One hundred rolls of Ceiling and Side Wall Paper at 5 cents per roll Will be sold at one-half regular prices Work done at reasonable rates Workmanship guaranteed Samples sent to any part of the city Wall Paper and Paint House 208 First street
The Quaker Dairy
No 28 Yamhill street, open day and night Hot rolls and coffee at all hours Oysters in every style cooked to order at all hours
The best place to take from the theater is the Quaker and it is open late
Portland Business College
Shorthand Typewriting Telegraphy Penmanship Book-keeping Arithmetic Etc Day and evening sessions Circulars free Corner Sixth and Morrison streets
THE VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE,
Adjoining Criterion, open all night Oysters in every style

LOCAL AND GENERAL

SUIT FOR DAMAGES—C T Harris, a prominent dry goods dealer of Tacoma, is in the city, engaged in settling up his business affairs A few days ago his establishment was closed by the sheriff upon a writ of attachment sued out in the suit of Rowland & Purdy, of Tacoma, wholesale grocers, to secure the sum of $ 1, alleged to be due and owing to them In attachment brought down upon Harris all the rest of his creditors, to whom he owed sums aggregating six or seven thousand dollars and he considered himself utterly incapable of continuing in business at the present time or in any way short of his debts except by an immediate sacrifice of his stock of merchandise His principal creditor is the firm of Hellman, Mayer & Co, of this city to whom he owes about $3000 He was assured by them that they would not have brought suit against him had it not been necessary to protect their interests against the first creditors Wherefore Mr Harris considers that he has been greatly damaged in business, and has enquired of his brought against Rowland & Purdy for the sum of $10,000 The claim that Harris makes is that the attachment suit which closed his doors is not legal, because judgment for the goods which the attachment was to secure was not due and that, besides, the goods were not furnished to him, but to his son in law, who recently went into business, and for whom he had agreed to stand security The case has attracted some considerable attention in Tacoma Good legal talent has been engaged on each side, and each lawyer assures his client that he is certain to win the case

ASSIGNMENT—L & D Barman, whose stores were attached last week, made an assignment yesterday to Samuel Loewengart Their assets as set down as follows Goods, books of account and claims due, etc, in store, corner of First and Washington streets, $12,000 goods, etc, in their store, corner of Fourth and I streets, in East Portland, also two horses and wagons, $600 six lots in East Portland and the improvements thereon, $900 Total assets, $ 13,500 Their indebtedness is given as follows San Francisco—W A G Steinhart, $12 912 69 Stein, Simon & Co, $90 D Block & Co, $179 Herman Bros & Co, $3350 Portland creditors—Corbitt & McCleay, $1057 95 First National bank, $650 Joseph E Smith, $1250, H Abraham, $941 Alexander Mayer, $2220 M Levy & Co, $608 45 Aron, Selling & C, $697 10, H Rosenfeld & Co, $312 90; Neustadter Bros, $1803 98, Thalhamer & Frohman, $1108 15 M Seller & Co, $2038 29 Brownsville woolen mills, $911 00 Wadhams & Elliot, $1100 Oregon City Manufacturing Company, $467 80, Jacobs Bros, $224 J McCraken & Co $90, Fleischner Mayer & Co, $214 50 Continental Oil Company $70 William Beck & Sons, $30 Arnold & Co, $45 Van Bros, $5, Blake, Robbins & Co, $14 50 Leo Stearns, $100 sundry other claims, $600 Total liabilities, $30, 821 27

SOLD THEIR PORK TOO SOON—Southern Oregon hogs in great numbers came to the packing establishments in this city and East Portland during the early part of the winter although the price paid was not high when the deduction of freight charges was made, and now the farmers of that section, who were so anxious to dispose of their pork in the first place, begin to realize that they have made a slight mistake They come up from Roseburg that there is a dearth of hams at which the packers of Portland are consumed with an overpowering joy Hams and sides of bacon had accumulated in the packeries here, and there was no hesitancy in announcing that the supply would be equal to the demand The farmers of that section are now engaged in figuring up how much they could have made if they had waited a little longer and sold their hogs to home dealers, who are now paying profits to packing establishments here, as well as freight both ways over the O & C And a paper down there sees once more in all this the grinding hand of the Portland monopolists, without ever stopping to think that a little more enterprise at home would have remedied the whole matter

MACHINERY FOR COLUMBIA RIVER PAPER CO—The large paper mill now being erected by the Columbia river paper company at La Camas, W T, is rapidly approaching completion Two large machines for grinding wood into pulp have already been shipped to La Camas from this city by the steamer Traveler These machines are fine specimens of mechanical skill and are the only ones of the kind on the Pacific coast Four large turbine water wheels from the works of James Leffel & Co, Springfield Ohio, have been received and will be shipped to La Camas this morning Two of the wheels are fifteen and a half inches in diameter and the third seventeen and a half inches They will run under 140 feet head of water and will furnish a combined driving force of 600 horsepower A huge boiler, built by the Willamette iron works is also ready for shipment This is to furnish the steam for the bleaching and drying rooms Much of the machinery for the mill has been made in this city by the Portland iron works

RICE AND COTTON IN OREGON—Secretary Carlisle, of the Portland immigration bureau, yesterday ticketed eleven people, all intending settlers, to various points in southern Oregon Two of these were Mr R A Stannard and wife, recently from Texas For a number of years Mr Stannard has been engaged in the experimental as well as the practical culture of rice and cotton and believes that these will thrive best in what might be called semi southern climates Of late he has been studying the climate of southern Oregon, and he believes that around Medford is land excellently suited to the growth of rice, especially of a certain variety, which he had great success in raising in Texas Mr Stannard is a quiet, pleasant and intelligent man who asks only from any country in his plans but with money enough to carry them out proposes to give both rice and cotton a fair trial near Medford

PRINCIPAL CLAIM SETTLED—The claim held by Mrs Elizabeth Irving against the firm of Matlock, Mcintire & Co, which had been taken into the court here, was settled yesterday by the payment of $2 so 5 100 by the firm to Bennett Dexter, attorneys for Mrs Irving Matlock is now back in Victoria, but will return very soon He went to Victoria with the idea that he could more easily settle his claim there, as Mrs Irving is a resident of British Columbia The hotel escapade as telegraphed turns out to be somewhat exaggerated, the reason for its being that he did not care to face his partner All pending claims against him, it is said, have been satisfactorily settled In fact the whole case now appears to be in which he will be mostly let been agent the matter and that he will better settle with his principal there in person, but his flight so hastily after matters worse for a time

HELD FOR WHISKY SELLING—J C Bryman, a contemptible scallawag, who, after defrauding several parties here, went up into Yamhill county to try the same game, and who has been hanging about from place to place there and deserted his wife and children at Mc Minnville, was up before U S Commissioner Hall B Brain, for examination on a charge of selling liquor without a license It seems that he has been peddling small drums of whisky from one of the same firms as the [illegible] parties Marshal Venable of McMinnville, who is running down [illegible] swift [illegible] used the arrest, and the evidence yesterday was considered sufficient to warrant the commissioner in holding him to answer

REWARDED WITH A READING ROOM—A neat building 10x15 feet is being constructed at the Cascade Locks, which is to be used as a waiting room until the O R & N Co's station is built, when it will be turned over to Messrs Carroll and Brownlee, to be used as a reading room for the employes at the Locks Messrs Carroll and Brownlee organized the first party to go to the relief of the snowbound passengers on the O R & N Co's road, and rendered valuable assistance They have refused to accept anything in the nature of a present in recognition of their services, and the building above mentioned is intended by Mr Ainsworth under whose direction it is being built, as a testimonial to the employes of the Locks for their efforts to relieve the snowbound passengers

HOW EXEMPTION WORKS—"I wish THE OREGONIAN would say to the legislature 'Repeal the exemption clause in the assessment law and leave it otherwise untouched' That will be the simplest and the most just way out of the present clashes of opinion on the question of taxation" remarked a well known citizen to an OREGONIAN man yesterday "Here is a sample of how the exemption clause works I owned seven lots in this city I sold four and bought two more and went in debt $3000 to them, giving a mortgage That $3000 just wiped my entire assessment which ought to be $19 000 Here I absolutely escaped taxation because I am in debt to the amount of less than a third of my possessions"

WOOL DEALS SET ASIDE—J Davis and C I Chamberlain commenced suit in the circuit court yesterday against James F Watson et al for the foreclosure of a mortgage Plaintiff alleged that on 5th of May 1884, they bought James Hedges' and Isaac Huebner et al's 2000 regarding the latter's mortgage on a piece of land in T 1 N R 1 E and that after the defendants had subsequently transferred the land to Nobles, who transferred it to another party, making a mortgage on it for $1000 Plaintiffs pray that the deeds made by defendants and by Nobles be set aside and the land be sold to satisfy plaintiffs mortgage, and for such other relief as the court may deem proper

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Dr Henley's Celery
Beef and Iron will restore the weak to health and vigor

GLOBE FARNOS LATROP

PORTLAND, Or, 8th Feb, 1885

To the Editor of the Oregonian

Your correspondent, Mr Bishop is mistaken in regard to the birth place of George Parsons Bishop I resided in the French house on that corner, and the event occurred on board the American ship Montreal, John Chadwick master on the voyage from Boston to San Francisco via Honolulu Mr Lathrop's father was Isaac Tuttle, Dr Lathrop, and was a physician in the Montreal for Sandwich, where and for his profession, and which he carried on for a number of years and I believe is still living at the age of 76 years

Yours truly, Sarah Farnham Lathrop

January 22, 1885

Miss Louise Serpolette—the character in which she made her new [illegible] Portland in the opera Bluebeard Jr—is quite an improvement upon her former self Her voice is not large, but it is sweet and well cultivated, and has been carefully trained Her acting is very good, and her dancing is graceful and pleasing Miss Serpolette will be seen to-night in the opera Girofle Girofla

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CHINESE FUNERAL

A Street Pageant which Attracted Considerable Attention Yesterday

Notwithstanding the novelty of Chinese funerals in Portland has worn off, such an event always affords a large number of spectators Inquisitive new comers will be interested in turning out en masse to gratify their curiosity, and no doubt as the small army of idlers like to watch the sight just for a diversion probably a good deal of both Lee Yin Gow, a member of the firm of Dun, Lun & Co, on Second street near Alder, was buried yesterday with a moderate amount of ceremony The day was rainy, the streets muddy, the atmosphere chilly and the business draggy But the customary crowd of whites were on hand all the time The ceremonies began about 11 o'clock, on Second street in front of the city jail where was set three tables, loaded down with things that are good in the estimation of Chinamen On the first table was a roasted pig and a lamb and pig not roasted On the next table was a generous supply of cakes with first-class trade marks stamped on the sides. The third table was provided with many flowers and candlesticks and looked quite aesthetic.

About noon a delegation consisting of two very disconsolate mourners each bowed down with weight of woe and supported by two stout men and accompanied by several priests, all in white robes with cowls, visited the Stark street ferry landing, where a little water was secured in an iron washbasin. The outfit attracted much attention and many guesses were made as to the object in view One man spoke of the abomination of desolation and the mourners going about the streets and another quoted something about mourning in Ramah, and Rachael weeping for her children, while a third thought the two mourners were Celestial scapegoats who had assumed the sins of their departed brother and were to be turned loose in the wilderness A politic man thought the display had no religious significance but was a sort of rehearsal of some part of Cleveland's inauguration ceremonies as I to the broken-down mourners were intended to represent purity and innocence in distress A reporter whose curiosity was excited by the comments investigated and ascertained that the party visited the river to beg a little water of the devil to wash their deceased friend From which it is to be inferred that the Chinese with their usual sagacity have already discovered who is at the head of affairs in this county

After the music had been chanted and prayers said, the procession moved and marched several blocks It was headed by a mounted Hustle bearing a straight bough of green fir, from which hung a motley, shapeless like an ordinary thermometer Another Hustler bearing a similar ornament walked near the mounted courier. When the procession halted at the foot of Stark street, the two chief mourners who had been required to kneel several times during the march, looked like they had been rolled in the gutter Before going on the ferry, the mourners and attendants were placed in carriages and the most interesting part of the display was thus shut from sight

SALEM NOTES

SALEM, Feb

John J Spencer, of McMinnville is in the city

Salem now sports not support four full newspapers

Drake the colored murderer will probably be sentenced this week

Circuit court for this county convenes to-day Judge Boise presiding, and an unusually large docket

Miss Eva Watt, daughter of Judge A F Watt of Canby, is visiting the daughters of Mr and Mrs R P Earhart.

Mr and Mrs C B Moores are rejoicing over the advent of another son and heir, who made his appearance at the fireside yesterday.

W G Ross, of Astoria, came up this morning, having in charge George Cobiman, who was committed as a patient to the insane asylum

The condition of Miss Thomas, who took poison in this city on Saturday evening last, is greatly improved and the chances are favorable for her recovery

Katie Putnam the charming little actress announced to appear at Reed's opera house on Wednesday evening next She will undoubtedly draw a good house

The reception to be given on Wednesday evening by Governor and Mrs. Moody promises to be the most brilliant social event of the season and society people are making extensive preparations for it.

There are over forty clerks employed by the present legislature assembly It is rumored that the lady clerks will give a grand reception at Reed's opera house to the members of the legislature and their friends before the close of the session

General Odell has assumed charge of the Salem postoffice with Sam W Church as money order clerk, Miss Mary Lawrence delivery clerk, and Charles F Reily as mailing clerk The new office fixtures are being placed in position and the office thoroughly renovated.

His excellency the governor has recently made the following executive appointments H Condon Alkali P O, K Buick, Myrtle Creek Capt Geo. W Bell, Independence J N Duncan, Lafayette, S A. Heckathorne, Joseph J Graham, Graham's Ferry Geo M Miller, Eugene C D Folger, Portland, C P Davis, Centerville Ed P Lewis, Portland A G Hayes, Eugene Dean Blanchard, Rainier, C E Bayard, The Dalles A S Watt and John H Middleton, Portland A W Crawford, Marshfield F B Skipworth Corvallis Josiah Biggs, Tillamook A E Mckinney, Turner T C Mackey, Gardiner, notaries public Lincoln Song Sang San Francisco, Commissioner for Oregon A J Stewart, first lieutenant, and W J Riley, second lieutenant, Battery A, light artillery Joe Burke, first, and Peter Higgins, second lieutenant, company B, First regiment second brigade O N M

INCORPORATIONS

The following articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of the secretary of state Pratt Academy and Normal school Incorporators Wm Kuykendall M C Johnson, J C Dunn R A Booth, J E Lyon, John Kuykendall, T J Jones, H I Benson capital stock $5000

First Universalist Parish of Albany Incorporators M H Avery, M J Kelly, A Barr, C H Spencer C W Stinchfield, C Reiley, A B Woodin

Antrim Road company Incorporators Wm Brown, J A Lee, H H Wilson, Isaac Hall, Hannibal Hyde Bash capital stock $25

Irish-American Publishing Company Portland, Oregon Incorporators John Barnett, J R Bryson, M S Woodcock, I A Horning, W Jacobs D Carlisle, Thos J Buford, I Avery, J B Lee, capital stock, $30,000

Cornwall Water Company Incorporators C B Addition, C B Farra, W A Tuttman, W B Cleaver capital stock, $20,000

Pomeroy and Hat Stock Show Incorporators A H Johnson, T H Tongue J T Apperson, W B Delashmutt, W M Ladd capital stock $500 principal office, Portland Oregon

THE EAST SIDE

TELL THE BEAN SHOOTERS

The long shooting nuisance has of late reached that degree of annoyance which renders steps for its abatement necessary The matter being called to the attention of Prof Wetzell, principal of the public schools, he made a swoop on the boys at the Central school and disinterred about a dozen of the obnoxious articles that by sleight learned in different recesses of their clothing, despite their emphatic denials of possession and destroyed them—that is the bean shooters, not the boys the latter only receiving a severe reprimand for their willful violation of the rules But the matter did not end here, Justice Sampson being next called upon to inflict some official check to the nuisance Complaints were filed by an aggrieved party against several of the offenders but then parents interfering the case was finally compromised up on payment of costs, in order to avoid arrest and disgrace There is a determination on the part of both school and police authorities to arrest the offense if it can only be done by arresting the offenders. This being the first offense names are omitted

SMALL PRACTICE

Calvin Lash was fined $10 and costs in the circuit court to-day and Frank Levine fined $5 and costs in the same court, for his share in the recent assault and battery case Lash, it appears, undertook to administer a little private punishment to Levine for some alleged indignities offered to his sister, and in the course of the proceedings Levine received a severe beating, which he resented by bringing suit against Lash for assault and battery

Jennie Ross vs Sarah Hunt Action to recover $50 for alleged slander Case on trial in the circuit court

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,
149 First St, Portland Or
IMPORTERS MANUFACTURERS WHOLESALE
and retail dealers in Diamonds Watches Jewelry Silverware Clocks Opticians Etc Watch Cutting a specialty Orders from the trade promptly attended to Goods express or mail free of charge

ALTSZY'S.
THE RESTAURANT
Oysters, Ice cream, Confectionery.
125 FIRST.
C. H. WILCOX,
News Dealer & Stationer.
All the Leading Newspapers and Periodicals in stock Subscriptions a specialty
S W corner First and Oak sts, Portland, Or

ROYAL
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans.
WM. T. COLEMAN & CO., Agts., San Francisco.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT
QUALITY PURITY NOT QUANTITY
On Every Bottle
Trade Mark
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
THE BEST TONIC.
This medicine is compounded from the purest and best Iron and Vegetable Tonics known to the profession and is offered to the public as the best and most reliable remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Want of Appetite, Lack of Energy, Loss of Flesh, Nervousness, Chills and Fever, Malaria, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Etc. It will cure when all other remedies fail. It is not a new and untried remedy, but has been in use for many years, and has established a reputation for the cure of all diseases for which it is recommended, second to no other medicine. It will permanently cure Dyspepsia when Hood's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and all the Pills fail. It will cure Kidney and Liver Complaints when all other remedies fail. It will cure Malaria, Chills and Fever, when Quinine and all other remedies fail. It will cure Rheumatism when all other remedies fail. It will cure Neuralgia when all other remedies fail. It will cure Nervousness when all other remedies fail. It will cure Loss of Appetite when all other remedies fail. It will cure Lack of Energy when all other remedies fail. It will cure Loss of Flesh when all other remedies fail. It will cure Dyspepsia when all other remedies fail. It will cure Indigestion when all other remedies fail. It will cure Want of Appetite when all other remedies fail. It will cure Lack of Energy when all other remedies fail. It will cure Loss of Flesh when all other remedies fail.

KOHN & STEINBACH

IF
A great many people would use a little judgment they could economize and save considerable by dealing with us. We are every week giving special inducements.
For this week our entire stock of
Fall and Winter Dress Goods
For Men and Boys at
75 CTS. ON THE DOLLAR.
In HATS, we are clearing out balances of stock on hand at great reductions.
Our OVERCOATS are going at the very low prices of NEW YORK COST.
Don't delay, but come and see us.
KOHN & STEINBACH,
COR. FIRST & MORRISON STS.

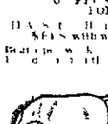
JUST RECEIVED,
NEW ENGRAVINGS,
NEW MOULDINGS,
NEW PICTURES,
NEW FRAMES.
FULL LINES OF
ARTISTS' MATERIALS
Tubes, Cheapest in Town.
ARTISTS' CRAYON MATERIALS
Frames Made to Order a Specialty.
Prices Guaranteed the Lowest.
ON EXHIBITION,
"THE TRIAL OF CONSTANCE DE BEVERLY,"
The Large Painting of Tony Rosenthal
PHOTOGRAPHS (1000) of same for Sale
S. & G. GUMP
184 First St., bet. Yamhill and Taylor.

First and Stark,
Pure Chemicals,
Fresh Drugs,
Choice Toilet Articles,
Delicate Perfumes,
Elegant Fancy Goods
Prescriptions will receive Special Attention.
My purpose shall be to carry nothing but first class goods and supply my customers promptly and politely with the very best of every article at prices as all times reasonable and maintain a pharmacy first class in every particular. I ask only a fair trial, be lieving I can please the most fastidious people and substantiate the truth of my assertions.

A COMPLETE LINE!
OF
Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Chest Protectors and Sundries.
RUBBER STORE
Rubber Belting Boots, Coats, Hats, Capes Gossamers etc.
Rubber Leather and Cotton Belting, Packing, Hose etc.
PRESTON, NOTT & CO.,
164 First Street.

—THE—
Sale & Wholesale Liquors
We the undersigned having this day leased the above place will be after early on August
Foundry & Machine Business
At the Works,
Front and Hall sts., Portland, Or.
Repairs as well as New Works made promptly At lowest living rates
ROBT. COLLIER & CO., Lessees.

SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD
IMPORTING
Portland, Oregon
THE BISHOP SCOTT
GRAMMAR SCHOOL
A Boarding and Day School for Boys


Successful Candidate
FOR
SENATOR

J POLIKEY & CO
Merchant Tailors,
28 First near E bet First and Second Portland Or

The Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 11 1885

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY

[illegible]

MONEY BONDS AND STOCKS

NEW YORK [illegible] Money easy Prime paper 6@ Exchange bills dull at $4 85½ demand, $4 86

BONDS

[illegible]

STOCKS

Amer [illegible]		N York Cen	
Can Pacific		N Y Central	
Canada South'n		O I & W	
Central Pac		Or & Trans	
Chi Mil & St P		Pacific Mail	
Chicago & Alton		Pittsburg	
Del Lack & West		Rock Island	
Del & Hud Canal		St L & S F	
Erie		St L & S F pf	
Erie & Westn		Texas Pacific	
Ill Cent		Union Pacific	
Lake Shore		United States	
Michig Central		Wabash	
Northern Pac pf		Western Union	

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE MARKET

CHICAGO Feb 9 At the Board of Trade today the feature was the excited and active speculation in wheat, which was largely stimulated by the storm in the Northwest, and the consequent delay to shipments. Sales ranged from 79½ to 80½ for cash and February, 80½@81½ for March, 82½@83½ for April, and 84@84½ for May. Corn was dull and weak, and closed ½ lower than yesterday. Sales ranged from 40½ to 41½ for cash and February, 41½@42 for March, and 42½@43 for May. Oats were dull and weak, and closed ½ lower than yesterday. Sales ranged from 29½ to 30 for cash and February, 30@30½ for March, and 31@31½ for May. Pork was dull and lower, closing at $9 10 for cash and February, $9 12½ for March, and $9 25 for May. Lard was dull and lower, closing at $5 42½ for cash and February, $5 45 for March, and $5 57½ for May. Short ribs were dull and lower, closing at $4 97½ for cash and February, $5 00 for March, and $5 12½ for May. Receipts—Flour, 5,000 bbls; wheat, 19,000 bush; corn, 124,000 bush; oats, 70,000 bush; rye, 1,000 bush; barley, 1,000 bush. Shipments—Flour, 6,000 bbls; wheat, 10,000 bush; corn, 70,000 bush; oats, 30,000 bush; rye, 1,000 bush; barley, 1,000 bush. On the Board of Trade today No 2 spring wheat sold at 79½ for cash, 80½@81½ for February, 82½@83½ for March, 84@84½ for April, and 85@85½ for May. No 3 spring wheat sold at 77½ for cash, 78½@79 for February, 80½@81 for March, 82@82½ for April, and 83@83½ for May. No 2 corn sold at 40½ for cash, 41½@42 for February, 42½@43 for March, and 43½@44 for May. No 2 oats sold at 29½ for cash, 30@30½ for February, 30½@31 for March, and 31@31½ for May. No 2 rye sold at 70 for cash, 71@71½ for February, 72½@73 for March, and 74@74½ for May. No 2 barley sold at 60 for cash, 61@61½ for February, 62½@63 for March, and 64@64½ for May. Flaxseed sold at $1 15 for cash, $1 16@1 17 for February, $1 18@1 19 for March, and $1 20@1 21 for May. Prime timothy seed sold at $2 20 for cash, $2 21@2 22 for February, $2 23@2 24 for March, and $2 25@2 26 for May. Mess pork sold at $9 10 for cash, $9 12½@9 15 for February, $9 12½@9 15 for March, and $9 25@9 27½ for May. Lard sold at $5 42½ for cash, $5 42½@5 45 for February, $5 45@5 47½ for March, and $5 57½@5 60 for May. Short ribs sold at $4 97½ for cash, $5 00 for February, $5 00 for March, and $5 12½@5 15 for May. Short clear sides sold at $5 12½ for cash, $5 12½@5 15 for February, $5 12½@5 15 for March, and $5 25@5 27½ for May. Whisky $1 15.

MINING STOCKS

NEW YORK Feb 9—The mining board was quiet during the forenoon but prices were firm. Sales each for Eureka, $1 50; Ophir, $2 50; Yellow Jacket, $1 50; Mexican, $1 50; Crown Point, $1 50; Belcher, $1 50; Gould & Curry, $1 50; Hale & Norcross, $1 50; Savage, $1 50; Sierra Nevada, $1 50; Union Consolidated, $1 50; Chollar, $1 50; Potosi, $1 50; Ophir, $2 50; Mexican